

# Problem from CFT in genus one

*leitner@stp.dias.ie*

Sirius Mathematics Center, Sochi, February 24-28, 2020

## 1 Motivation (for physicists)

In the  $(2, 5)$  minimal model on complex curves, the Virasoro algebra has two irreducible representations, the vacuum representation and another representation with lowest weight  $h = -1/5$ .

To this representation corresponds a non-holomorphic field  $\Phi$ . Locally it admits a splitting  $\Phi(z, \bar{z}) = \varphi_{\text{hol}}(z) \otimes \overline{\varphi_{\text{hol}}(\bar{z})}$ , where  $\varphi(z) = \varphi_{\text{hol}}(z)$  is a holomorphic local primary field of that weight, and the second factor is its complex conjugate.

For  $N \geq 2$ ,  $N$ -point functions involving  $\Phi$  depend on the  $N$  positions on the curve, whereas  $N$ -point functions involving  $\varphi(z)$  live on a cover of the curve. For  $N = 2$  on a torus, translation invariance yields a function on the universal cover of a torus with one puncture.  $\Psi(z) := \langle \varphi(z) \varphi(0) \rangle$  satisfies a third order ODE in  $z$  and yields a 3-dimensional representation of its monodromy group.

[arXiv:1801.08387]

## 2 Problem

Solve the OPE

$$\frac{25}{12}\Psi'''' - \wp\Psi' + \frac{1}{5}\wp'\Psi = 0 \quad (1)$$

for  $\Psi$ . Here  $\wp = \wp(z|\tau)$  and the dash denotes differentiation w.r.t.  $z$ .

## 3 Alternative formulation of the problem

Set  $x = \wp$ ,  $y^2 = p(x)$  and  $dz = dx/y$  with  $p(x) = 4\left(x^3 - \frac{\pi^4}{3}E_4x - \frac{2}{27}\pi^6E_6\right)$ , where  $E_4, E_6$  are the Eisenstein series in  $\tau$ . Find the kernel of

$$p\frac{d^3}{dx^3} + \frac{3}{2}p'\frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{12}{25}p''\frac{d}{dx} + \frac{12}{125}. \quad (2)$$